

Knauf AMF Planning Aid

Better Acoustics in Room Category B Rooms as per DIN 18041







Planning aid for better acoustics

DIN 18041 "Acoustic quality in rooms – Specifications and instructions for room acoustic design", which was newly published in 2016, is regarded as the normative basis (Germany) for the acoustic improvement of a room. But: how can the A/V ratio (equivalent sound absorption area A in relation to the room volume V) be easily determined? How can you effectively design the room acoustics of your project? With the Knauf AMF planning aid we offer you a simple aid for the acoustic improvement of a room in room category B. You're planning a restaurant, for example? Then your project falls into room category B3.

Room category	Usage	e type				Exam	ples									Room height h ≤	For room heights > 2.5 m									
RG B3	Room	s for Ic	ong-ter	m stay	1	Exhibition halls with interactivity or increased noise levels																				
						(Multimedia, Sound-/video art etc.)																				
						 Circulation areas in schools and child care facilities (kindergartens, 																				
						nı	nursery, shelter etc.)																			
	Circulation areas where people are likely to congregate in hospitals and												and													
	care facilities (e.g. open waiting areas)																									
							atient v	vaiting	rooms							$AV \ge 0.2$	A/V $\geq [3.13 + 4.69^{*}lg(h)]exp-1$									
							reak ro	oms																		
							ospital	rooms	, quiet	rooms																
						 Operating theatres, treatment rooms 																				
						Examination rooms, consultation rooms																				
						Restaurants Dining rooms																				
Room category	Sound absorption coefficient α $_{\rm 250/500/1000/2000Hz}$															Correction values K $_{\rm \tiny GF}$										
	1.00	0.95	0.90	0.85	0.80	0.75	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.55	0.50	0.45	0.40	0.35	0.30	0.25	0.2	h =	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0
RG B2	0.40	0.40	0.45	0.45	0.50	0.50	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.85	0.95	1.10	1.25	1.50	1.90		1.00	1.12	1.25	1.37	1.50	1.52	1.74	1.87
RG B3	0.50	0.55	0.60	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.95	1.00	1.15	1.25	1.45	1.70	2.00			1.00	1.11	1.22	1.33	1.44	1.56	1.67	1.78
RG B4	0.65	0.70	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	1.00	1.05	1.15	1.25	1.40	1.60	1.80					1.00	1.09	1.19	1.28	1.37	1.47	1.56	1.65
RG B5	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.25	1.40	1.50	1.70	1.90						1.00	1.08	1.16	1.24	1.32	1.40	1.48	1.56

Table: Planning aid for improving acoustics in rooms in room category B.

ROOM CATEGORY B1:

Rooms without quality of stay (including corridors, staircases, foyers as pure traffic areas without waiting area or reception) – no requirements

ROOM CATEGORY B2:

Rooms for short-term stay (including entrance halls, reception area with waiting area, exhibition halls or ticket halls) $-AV \ge 0.15$

ROOM CATEGORY B3:

Rooms for long-term stay (including restaurants, bedrooms and treatment rooms, libraries or sales rooms) $-A/V \ge 0.20$

ROOM CATEGORY B4:

Workrooms (including reception and counter areas, resident rooms in care facilities, single and multi-person offices) $- AV \ge 0.25$

ROOM CATEGORY B5:

Rooms with special requirements for noise reduction and room comfort (including canteens in schools, day nurseries, hospitals and nursing homes, workshops / workrooms and canteen kitchens, exercise rooms and play corridors in day-care centres $-AV \ge 0.30$



Planning aid in practice

The following planning example of a restaurant in Barcelona shows how you can easily determine not only the A/V ratio, but also the minimum sound absorption coefficient.

Project-related (RG B3), the determination of the necessary A / V ratio is carried out either via the formula A / V \ge [3.13 + 4.69 lg (h / 1m)] - 1 with h as the room height in metres or based on Table 6 of the previous version of DIN 18041: 03-2016 using a simple dimension table (Table page 1: existing areas are not taken into account in the table, but can be offset).

The required area is specified as a percentage of the available area. For the restaurant with approx. 120 m^2 (L x W: 13 x 9 m) and a room height of approx. 5.0 m, the entire ceiling area (1.0 = 100% of the area) should be installed with a suitably selected material with an absorption coefficient of 0.50. If the area installed is smaller, the requirement for the material or the system increases accordingly.

An installed area of 70% (0.7), corresponding to 84 m^2 , leads to an increased absorption coefficient of 0.75.

For room heights above 2.5 m, either the minimum area must be increased by a corresponding correction value (height 5.0 m - correction value 1.56) or compensated for with higher quality material / system.

Selected acoustic measures on perimeter surfaces in the Restaurant Bellavista example:

- Available area: 120 m² (=100%)
- Minimum sound absorption coefficient ap
 absorption coefficient from table x correction value (5.0 m)
 0.50 x 1.56 = 0.78 = 0.80
- For the planning example, the following Knauf AMF products would be used:

HERADESIGN[®] *superfine* 25 mm + 40 mm acoustic overlay (CNF Board D5) with a total construction height of 85 mm gives an absorption coefficient of 0.85 at 250 Hz.



DO YOU STILL HAVE QUESTIONS?

Contact person:

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